



Oil Spill Impacts on Water Quality

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Introduction: Eutrophic Lakes

- Excessive Nutrients:
nitrates, phosphates
- Agricultural runoff,
household and
industry
- Abundant aquatic
plants and algae
- Damaging to
ecosystems



Coontail (*Ceratophyllum demersum*)

- Abundant type of vegetation in Teatown Lake
- Phytoremediative properties
- Absorbs nutrients from its environment



Hypothesis:

- ▶ Eutrophic Lakes will be less affected by oil pollution

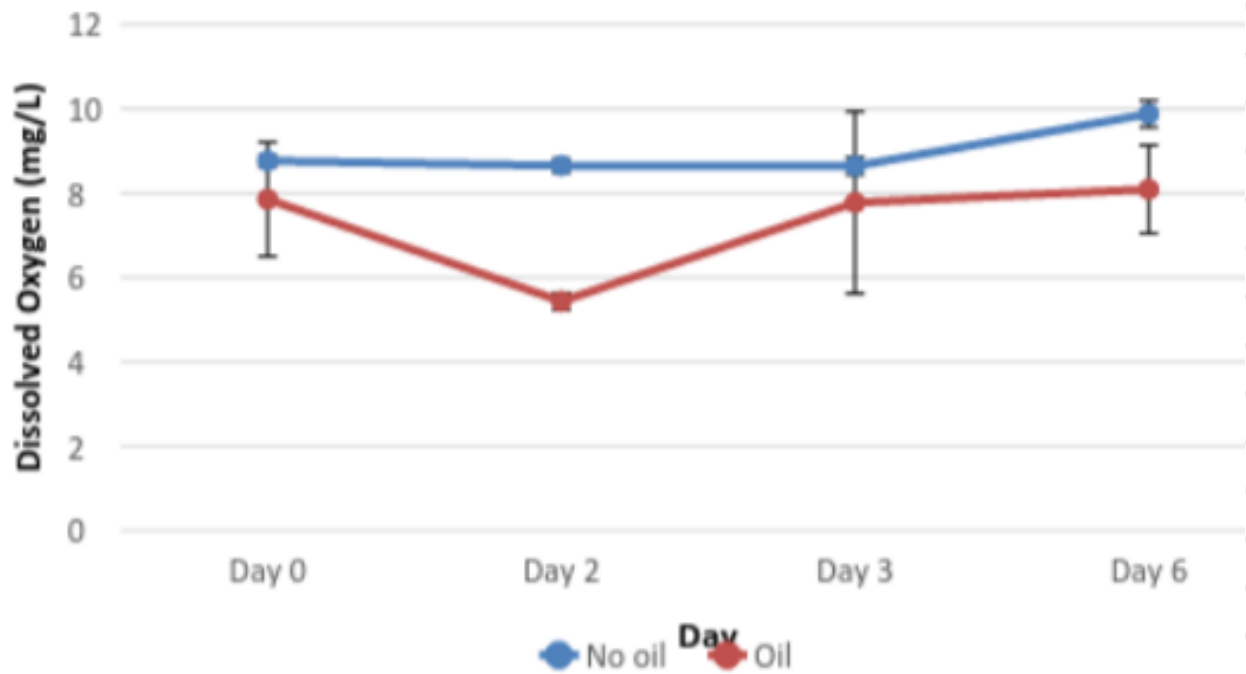


Methods

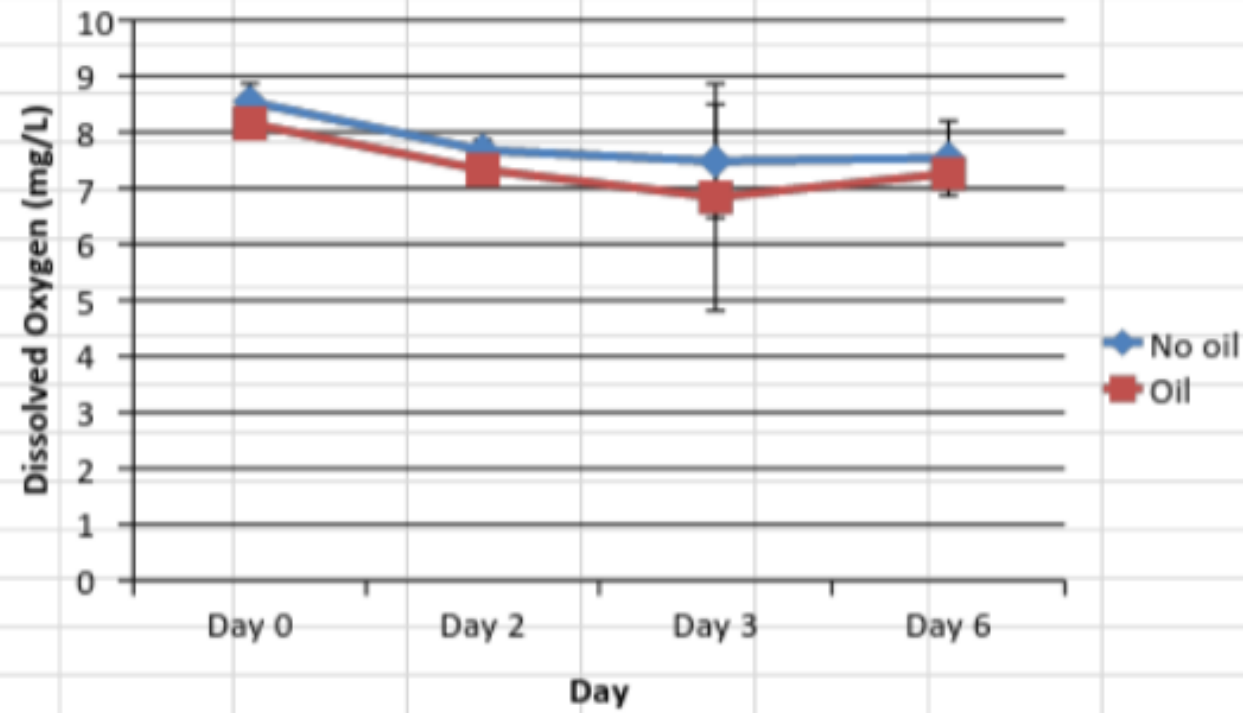
- Water and plant samples
- Water quality probes
- Nitrate and phosphate test
- Siphon



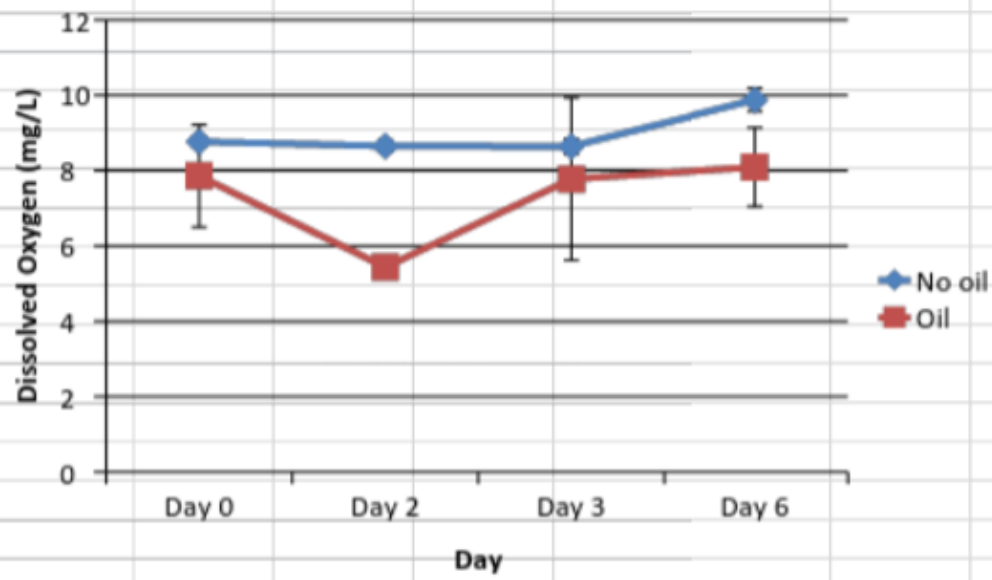
Eutrophic



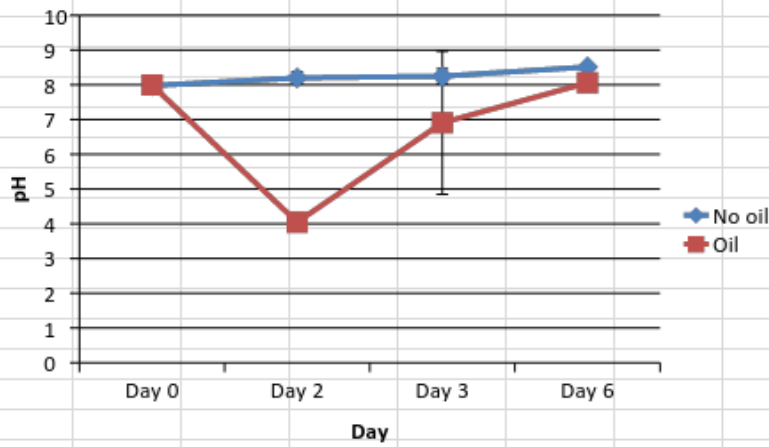
Oligotrophic



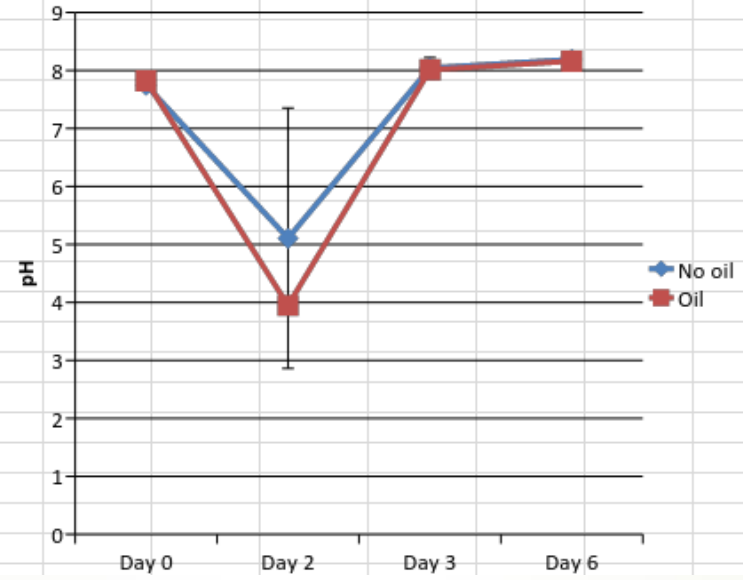
Mesotrophic



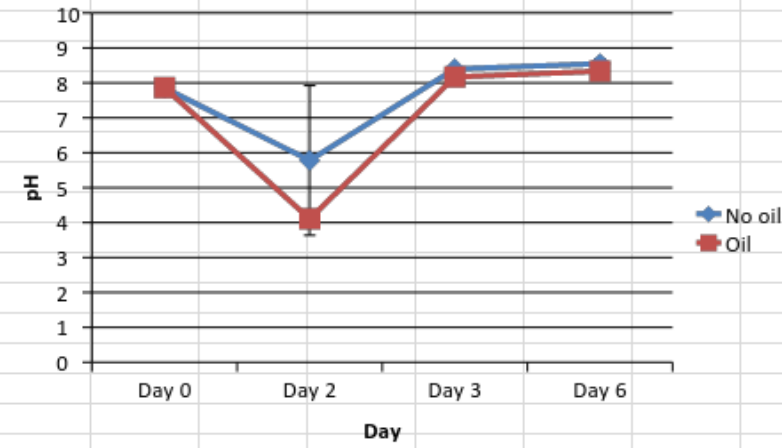
Eutrophic



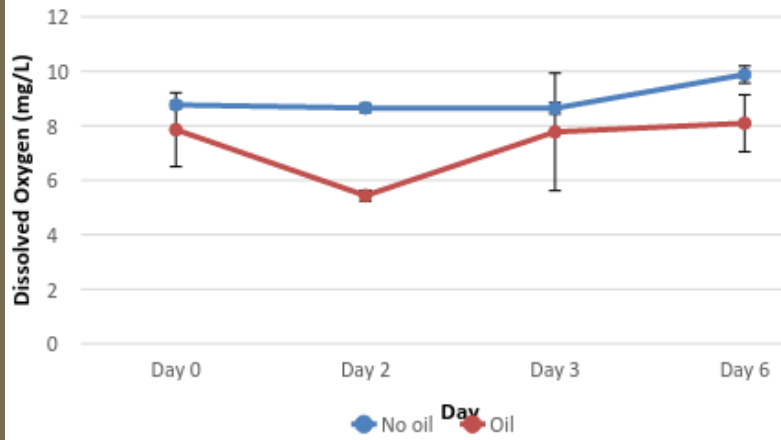
Mesotrophic



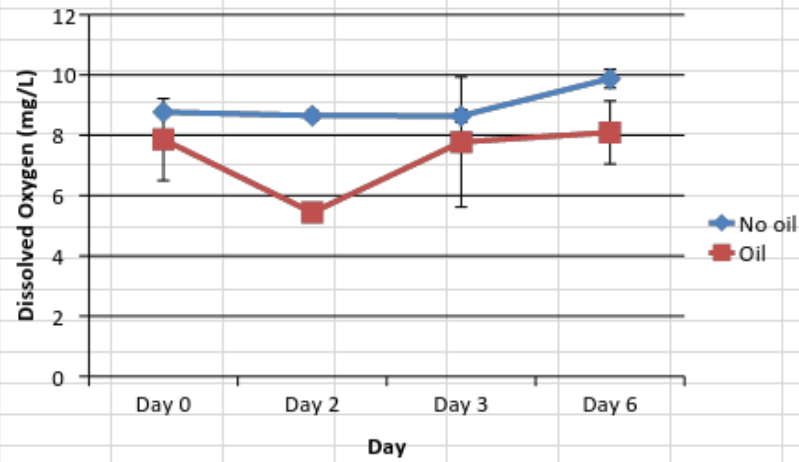
Oligotrophic



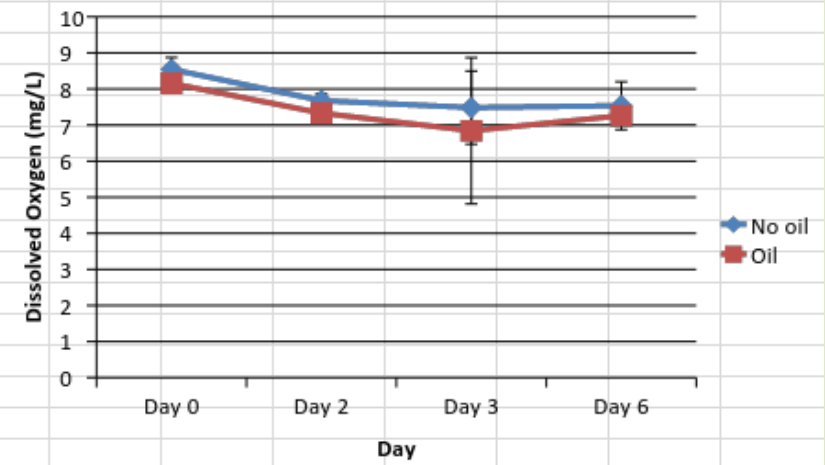
Eutrophic



Mesotrophic



Oligotrophic



Conclusions:

- ▶ Dissolved oxygen decreases with oil
- ▶ The effects are similar in eutrophic, mesotrophic and oligotrophic systems
- ▶ Little effect on water quality



Discussion:

- ▶ Oil's directly affects organisms
 - ▶ Eutrophic lakes are not essential
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Acknowledgements



- Hillary Siener
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- Arel Pizarra
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Sources:

- <http://www.illinoiswildflowers.info/wetland/plants/coontail.html>
- <https://socratic.org/questions/what-is-the-main-difference-between-oligotrophic-and-eutrophic-lakes>
- <http://siberiantimes.com/ecology/casestudy/features/f0133-shocking-oil-spill-scenes-from-siberia-but-is-there-a-way-to-a-cleaner-future/>